

THE result of the election in Virginia, while humiliating to all honest men, could hardly have been otherwise. Mahone was not only backed in his repudiation movement by the administration with its patronage and promise of a further share of the spoils, but by money extorted from the office-holders of every department of the Government. The sum thus raised, coupled with the large contributions of Northern Republicans, made an immense corruption fund, which properly applied to white Republicans, negroes and that element of the Democratic party, which is unworthy of the name, left those who are jealous of the good name of the old Commonwealth much in the minority. For the benefit of those who are in ignorance as to the origin of the debt which is to be partly, if not wholly, repudiated, we will state that a cent of it was created by carpet-bag rule. Virginia was fortunate after the war in electing Gilbert C. Walker, a Northern Democrat, who had moved into her midst, as Governor and his administration did much to restore the State to partial prosperity. It is true that she lost heavily by the war, as within her borders was fought a large majority of its battles, and that she is not, perhaps, able to liquidate her indebtedness as formerly, but she can and ought to be made to pay it. The debt was made by the building of railroads, canals, turnpikes, universities and colleges, institutions for State charities, &c., all of which were completed before the civil war, therefore the excuse that some other States might make, that it was due to an infamous carpet-bag rule, can not be given, even if such an excuse were valid. The debt of the State, after deducting a third as West Virginia's portion, was adjusted by the Democrats with its creditors and found to be \$32,977,090.62. The adjustment, while it imposed no heavy burden upon the people, was perfectly satisfactory to the bondholders, and the credit of the State was apparently saved from dishonor. In 1879, however, Mahone conceived the idea of riding into power on the ever-popular idea among a certain class, who are ready always to repudiate their private as well as public debts, and on this issue elected a Legislature ready to do his bidding. Among its first acts was the passage of the Riddleberger bill, which provided for a repudiation of \$13,000,000 of the debt, a taxation of the bonds, principal and interest, and a repeal of the provision making interest coupons payable for taxes. A Democratic Governor promptly vetoed the bill, but a majority of the voters have, by their suffrages, censured him for so doing, and now with another Legislature of the same sort, and more so, and a Governor to their making, the \$13,000,000 will be at once repudiated, and perhaps the entire debt. There is nothing to keep them from it, as, with a single exception, the Judges of the Court of Appeals will be elected by the incoming Legislature, who will, of course, declare anything constitutional. Evil days have indeed fallen upon the dear old State. Thieving tricksters and base traitors now fill places that honest statesmen used only to occupy, and the prospect is worse than the present reality. The Republican party, headed by the administration are alone responsible for such a state of affairs, and as it has sown the wind may it reap the whirlwind of death and destruction.

GOV. BLACKBURN gave the crack of his pardon mill a turn last Tuesday, and ground out 96 pardons to lottery and other men in Louisville in less time than it takes to write about it. That put \$192 into the pocket of the Assistant Secretary and took hundreds of dollars from the State, and yet the Superintendent of Public Schools has the audacity to say that because of the drought, which could not offset the per capita before next year, the allowance for each white child had been reduced to \$1.40. He did not have the courage to say that Blackburn's eternal turn of the pardon mill kept thousands of dollars from the fund to educate the poor children of the State.

THERE is one town in Virginia, at least, that takes no stock in the Mahone repudiation movement. Shackelford is its name, and although it has cut off its nose to spite its face, yet it is worthy of a better fate. A Republican was appointed postmaster there, but the people would neither rent him a room for the office nor lease him land upon which to build one, so great was their prejudice against him and his class. The new postmaster reported the state of affairs to the First Assistant Postmaster-General, who immediately abolished the office.

THE Owensboro *Free Press*, in giving a list of the candidates for Appellate Clerk, names "Tom Barnum, of Lincoln," evidently referring to Col. Tom Varner. The Col. is not a candidate, but if the Convention should get in that fix, and it is not improbable that it will, when it would be good to look around for a dark horse, we know of no man whom we would rather see take the blue ribbon. He is not only competent, but a favorite wherever he is known.

THE Democratic gained one Congressman in New York, Mr. Flower being elected over Astor, the millionaire, by a good majority, notwithstanding the latter doted on champagne and \$20 gold pieces without stint. In fact, it is said that he spent \$75,000 on the race, and then got left. The gain of another Democrat will not, however, affect the control of Congress, as the Republicans have 146 members, and the Democrats but 137.

THE Star-rovers have scored the first round, which, in all probability, gives them the fight. Judge Cox decided as the offense they are charged with is infamous that they could not be proceeded with on information alone, but by regular indictment. The whole matter will end in smoke, as it is evidently the intention of the administration that these guilty men shall escape.

THE Clark County Democrat reports General Echols as saying that coal shall not exceed 14 cents a bushel in Winchester this winter if he has to run a coal train himself. We wish he would say the same thing about Stanford and stick to it.

PATTI failed to draw at \$10 a ticket, and she is trying to work up an audience by advertising that a portion of the proceeds will go to the Michigan sufferers. Too thin.

THE result of the elections of the 8th was thus summed up: Massachusetts elected a Republican Governor by 11,000 majority; New Hampshire gave Garfield, Connecticut had 84 Republican majority in the last Legislature; this time it will be but 50, a falling of 35. New York gave Garfield 21,000 plurality, and the last Legislature was 55 Republican on joint ballot; this year but three Republican State officers were elected, and those by greatly reduced majorities, while the Democratic candidate for Treasurer goes in by over 25,000 majority. For the first time in years, the Democrats have elected a Legislature and on joint ballot will have a majority of 8, a difference of 63 in two years. The Legislature in New Jersey was Republican before, and is still, but their majority is reduced by two or three. In Pennsylvania the Republican majority was reduced to 6,000 from thirty odd thousand for Garfield. Minnesota gives her Republican ticket 40,000 less than she did last year. In Nebraska it is reduced to 10,000. Wisconsin gave Garfield 30,000 majority; this time a Republican goes in by the skin of his teeth. It is true that the Democratic majorities in Maryland and Mississippi were somewhat reduced, but they elected Democratic tickets by good majorities. In Virginia, by a coalition with the most damnable element of repudiation, the Republicans may claim the State, but the claim is far from being to their credit, and must end in shame and confusion to them. On the whole, as we said last week, the Democrats have a great reason to complain, but on the contrary, have much to hope for in 1884, if they will nominate as candidate for President a man of good standing in his party, and one who can command the respect of both his friends and political enemies.

THE trial of Guiteau was called in the District Court of Columbia on Monday, and after some preliminary efforts on the part of Robinson, assistant counsel for the prisoner, to secure a further extension of time, was commenced. During Robinson's speech, Guiteau arose and objected to him having anything to do with the case. He wanted a trial at once, and endeavored by his action and talk to produce the impression that he was really crazy. He wanted to make a speech but the Court refused to hear him, and after some difficulty he was finally quieted. Out of the number of salaried jurymen, five jurors were obtained. An order to summon 75 additional men was made, and the first day's proceedings of the Court, which must ever afterwards be a famous one, closed. Tuesday, four more jurors were obtained, and another 75 men were ordered summoned. Guiteau made no strained effort at proving his insanity during the day, and a settled conviction seemed to manifest itself that the performance of the first day was a part of the tactics of the defense. About fifty more men were examined Wednesday before the remaining three jurors were obtained, and after swearing in the twelve as a whole, the Court adjourned. Guiteau made another effort to show his insanity by frequent attempts to address the Court. He made an appeal to the lawyers generally, as he was a lawyer himself, to come forward and assist in his defense, and he would pay them very shortly. The jurors are all from Washington and vicinity, and one or two were taken even after he had expressed themselves in favor of Guiteau's insanity. We are no prophet nor the son of a prophet, but mark the prediction, Guiteau will be acquitted as sure as the present jury tries him.

THE Shelby (Mo.) *Index*, which by the way, is edited by Mr. H. J. Mulroberts, formerly of this county, and who, to his credit be it said, differs with a majority of his kith and kin here on political questions, brought out its chicken coop after the late elections and made him crow to the tune of "Glory! Glory!" because of the great reported Democratic victories. We fear the *Index's* feelings got away with its judgment. To be sure the Democrats have some things to be thankful for, but mightily little to crow over when you set down and think over it.

ALL of the leading Republicans in Virginia have their eye on the U. S. Senate, and already they are beginning to wrangle over who shall get the place. The Democrats will endeavor to unite with the Regular Republicans on General Wickham, who, though a little off on politics, is an honest and true man, and if they succeed, can elect him. The General refused to support the Republican ticket, and it is for this cause that the Democrats prefer him. Should he be elected, the state of affairs will not be so very bad after all.

WE have received from General E. P. Wilson, General Passenger Agent of the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific, late Cincinnati Southern R. R., a neatly illustrated volume of a hundred pages, devoted to a description of a trip through Florida and Southern cities, entitled, "Winter Cities in a Summer Land." It is both interesting and valuable, and those contemplating a trip South would do well to write for a copy.

THE United States Army of 25,000 men has a medical staff of some 200; the navy, with 8,000 men, has a medical staff of about 100; and yet there were 9 deaths to every 1,000 white and 48 to every 1,000 colored soldiers. The government would save money by discharging its high-priced doctors and establishing a huge "Faith Cure." If this suggestion is acted on, the proper authorities will please address Rev. Dr. Hays, Danville, Ky., for further particulars.

THE Willard Hotel Lottery Drawing has been again postponed, this time till the 14th of next February. Those who have been friendly to the enterprise are beginning to lose confidence in it, and to think that there is too much "sheanagin" about the business.

GEORGE H. PENDLETON, the Democratic Senator from Ohio, is said to have the Presidential bid buzzing in his bonnet. Well, the Democrats could go further and fare much worse in making a nomination.

THE Democrats all over the State will meet at their respective county seats on Monday, the 20th of December, to name delegates to the Convention at Frankfort to nominate a candidate for Appellate Clerk.

A MADDER, a postal clerk on the R. & A. Pacific R. R. has been arrested for stealing money from registered letters. He is madder than he is when the Judge sends him up for five years.

WALTER EVANS is in Washington trying to get the appointment of U. S. Marshal of Kentucky. He is cheek by jowl with the administration, and will likely succeed.

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* has been so successful in Louisville that it has established a News Bureau there at Nos. 180 and 182, Fourth Street, with Mr. Thomas O. Hall special correspondent and superintendent. Mr. Hall's fitness for the position is frequently shown by his getting away with the Louisville papers in the matter of home news.

THE Legislature will meet on the 25th of this month. Our Representatives go thither next Friday. We hope they will not go the nearest way through and charge for the longest way round.

THE National Grange is session at Washington. It has been so long since heard of it before, that we were under the impression that it had gone glimmering.

GEN. JOHN B. HUNTER, of Lexington, a distinguished lawyer, an entertaining orator and an honest politician, died in Winchester, Wednesday, aged 68.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

A. J. Lackey, jailer of Madison, died last week.

A freight train killed fifteen convicts at Riverdale, Texas.

Harpel, the finest job printer in the world, died in Cincinnati, Sunday.

The Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Association has advanced the price 10 per cent.

Hopkinsville is to have gas. Chess, Carley & Co., of Louisville, have engaged to furnish it.

Col. Hugh A. Anderson, a lawyer of Nicholasville, died Tuesday of congestion of the lungs.

The number of cattle reported in Texas this year is 4,464,000 head, valued at \$39,640,320.

Kentucky manufactures 1,963 idios, at an annual cost of \$75 per idio, or a total for the past year of \$77,805.27.

A fire destroyed W. E. Tanner & Co's Metropolitan Iron Works at Richmond, Va., on the 11th. Loss \$100,000.

The custom receipts of the year just closed were \$108,159,675.62, and the cost of collecting it was \$6,383,288.10.

Eight men have been murdered in Bath county this year. The last was Wm. Shuts, a young man of Fleming county.

Nearly 6,000 miles of railroad will have been built before the close of the present year, and over 15,000 are projected for next year, at a cost of \$600,000,000.

Postmaster-General James will leave in a few days to inspect the efficiency of the postal service in several of the more prominent cities of the South. He will be gone ten days at least.

Some Pennsylvania capitalists have entered into a \$15,000,000 combination to control the whole anthracite coal production of that State. They will, of course, put the price up.

Mrs. Edwin Booth, wife of the famous tragedian, and daughter of Manager McKivker, of Chicago, died in New York, Sunday. She had recently been divorced from her husband.

Attorney-General MacVeagh's resignation has been accepted, and he has stepped down and out. Solicitor-General Phillips will fill his position till a new appointment is made.

In Western Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico, the heaviest snow fell on Saturday the 2nd of Nov. R. R. hoppers encountered. The cuts were filled and trains greatly delayed.

It was a close shave in New Jersey, but the Republicans still have a majority in the Legislature, and will elect a successor to McPherson, the Democrat who now represents that State.

The New York *Herald*, November 11th, publishes a long schedule of the property in Europe and America, belonging to the late Confederate States Government. The aggregate is \$40,828,992.

The Court of Appeals has decided that a person charged with carrying a concealed deadly weapon may be tried either by justice of the court or before the county judge, or upon indictment in the Circuit Court.

If the approaching Legislature wants to do the State some valuable service, it should arrange to matriculate a majority of the members of the Appellate Court for a full course in some first class law college.

Breckinridge News.

The official figures in Pennsylvania will probably reduce the Republican majority to about 6,000 votes. This will be a falling off of something in the neighborhood of 30,000 from the usual Republican majorities in that State.

Col. J. Howard Wells is in jail in New York for trying a black mailing scheme on Jay Gould to extort money and "points" from him. He wrote Gould a letter threatening his life, and like Guiteau, claimed that the Lord told him to do it.

The capital building at Austin, Texas, was consumed by fire on Wednesday night. The State Library, Museum, ancient historical collection, pictures, records, and articles of inestimable value to the State were swept away by the flames. The building cost in 1845, \$250,000.

A National Tariff Convention is to meet in New York on the 29th and 30th. More than 450 delegates have already been elected. It is estimated representatives of more than \$1,000,000,000 capital invested in manufactures will be present, while the mechanical, labor and farming interest will be equally well represented.

Mrs. Jacob Derringer, one of the four persons whom the Rev. George O. Barnes anointed here the first day of his anointing career, is dead, being the last of the four. The other three have been dead for several months. The last one and two of the others also went to Pink Cottage after being anointed. (Richmond Dispatch to C-J.)

The disturbance in front of the Arlington Hotel in Lynchburg, on the evening of the 15th, which resulted in the stabbing of Jesse G. Hicks, of Louisville, by the newly-appointed Postmaster, Stratham, of that place, was occasioned by a dispute about a woman. The wound of Hicks is not serious. Stratham was arrested and gave bail for his appearance if wanted. This is Mahone's appointment. It is said that he was the cause of the disturbance, and that he was up all night to prevent its confirmation.

The enormous price of necessities in New York is creating apprehension. Canned fruits and vegetables have gone up 70 per cent. over last year. Peas and beans have advanced 80 to 100 per cent., flour is \$2 a barrel, and buckwheat 100 per cent. Soap has risen more than a cent a pound, rice 20 cents, raisins two cents, hams two cents, butter forty-five cents a pound, eggs are eight for a quarter of a dollar, fresh pork is twelve cents a pound, and porter-house steaks are close on thirty cents a pound. Potatoes are \$3.25 a barrel and onions \$6.

There are now in the States and Territories west of the Mississippi River 101 reservations, great and small, on which are located in round numbers 254,000 Indians.

The Western distillers met at Cincinnati yesterday, and agreed to reduce the production of all the Western distilleries to one-half their registered capacities, in order to control the whiskey market.

The reduced railroad rates is helping out the Atlanta Exposition attendance, but the help comes too late to render the enterprise profitable. It is said to be the best show in the world, but the attendance so far has been very poor.

It is reported that Arthur has fired his Cabinet, and that Lincoln will retire by own request, that Emory Storr is Secretary of the Interior; Chauncy I. Filley, of Missouri, Postmaster-General; Longstreet, or some other Southern man, Secretary of the Navy, and the rumor does not fill the State and War Departments.

The following constitute the jury in the Guiteau case: John P. Harlan, restaurant keeper; Fred W. Brandenburg, cigar maker; Charles G. Stewart, flour and feed dealer; Henry J. Bright, retired from business; Thos. H. Langley, grocer; Michael Sheehan, occupation not stated; Samuel F. Hubbs, plasterer; G. W. Gates, occupation not stated; Ralph Wornley, plasterer; Wm. H. Browner, commission merchant; T. Hearnin, iron worker; Joseph Prather, commission merchant.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Monticello.

Mr. W. R. Wright has a sweet potato on exhibition, raised on the farm of F. D. Frost, Esq., that weighs 9 pounds.

Hen. S. Tuttle is filling prescriptions and distributing mail matter at the P. O. Drug Store.

He says there are a few uneducated slugs about town that should be shamed as nuisances.

Mr. Pearson Patterson has bought Mr. Chas. Orman's farm, stock, grain, &c., in the Elk Spring Valley, for which he paid \$5,600. I am not advised as to what Mr. Orman proposes to do. Should he conclude to emigrate, Wayne county will lose another of its quietest and best citizens.

Among the new cases of sickness in our village during the week we mention, Mrs. Mollie Berry and little Lucy Duncan, Malarial Fever; Walter Francis, Tonsillitis, and Mrs. Harriet S. Frisbie, Sporadic Cholera. None of these cases have assumed a very grave character, as yet. Those who have heretofore been reported on the sick list are all doing well.

Dr. John H. Hall departed this life at his mother's residence in this place on the morning of the 10th inst., aged 28 years. He graduated in medicine at the University in Louisville in 1875, and with the exception of a short stay in Liberty, has been practicing his profession at this place ever since. Two years ago he became associated with J. W. Sallee, Esq., in the mercantile business, and the firm of Sallee, Hall & Co. has done a prosperous business since that time. His remains were deposited with Masonic honors in the family burying ground, near Bethesda Church, in Shearer Valley. Eld. C. W. Sewell delivered a funeral discourse at the church on the day of his burial.

Mt. Vernon Department.

SAM. M. BURDETT, Editor.

The squeal of the dying porker is heard in the land.

The partridge crop is said to be a good one. Get out your guns, boys.

IMPORTANT TO Grocers, Packers, Hucksters and the General Public.

The King Fortune-Maker, OZONE!

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A New Process for preserving all Perishable Articles, Animal and Vegetable, from Fermentation and Putrefaction, retaining their Odor and Flavor.

"OZONE Purified air, active state of oxygen."—W. W. BAKER.

This Preservative is not a liquid, pickle, or any of the old and exploded processes, but is simply and purely OZONE, as produced and applied by an entirely new process. Ozone is the active principle of every substance, and possesses the power to preserve animal and vegetable structures from decay, and to keep them in the fresh and healthy condition in which they were when first created. It is a powerful and active principle, and will preserve for all time in a perfectly fresh and palatable condition.

The value of ozone as a preservative has been known to our ancestors for years, but until now no means of producing it in a practical, inexpensive and simple manner have been discovered. Microscopic observations prove that decay is due to the action of minute germs that develop and feed upon animal and vegetable structures. Ozone, applied by the Frontine method, kills and destroys these germs, and thus preserves. At our offices in Cincinnati can be seen several very fine specimens of food and other articles preserved by this process, and every visitor is welcome to come in, taste, smell, take away with him and test in every way the merits of Ozone as a preservative. We will also preserve for you any article that is brought or sent to us, and return it to the sender for him to keep and eat.

EGGS can be treated at a cost of less than \$1 a thousand, and be kept in an ordinary room six months, thoroughly preserved, the yolk held in its natural condition, and the egg as fresh and perfect as on the day they were treated, and will sell as "strictly choice," for 5 or 10 cents a dozen, and will keep as long as you desire. This is a new and valuable discovery. The advantage in preserving eggs is that they can be sold at an advance of from one hundred to three hundred per cent. One man with this method can preserve 3,000 dozen a day.

FRUITS can be permitted to ripen in their native climate and be transported to any part of the world. The juice expressed from fruits can be held for an indefinite period without fermentation; hence, the process is perfect for preserving a temperature between 50 and 60 degrees, and will keep perfectly sweet any length of time.

MEATS can be kept in their original condition, in their natural condition, retaining their color and flavor, and in their original packages, at a small expense. All grain, flour, meal, &c., can be preserved in this manner.

FRESH MEATS, such as beef, mutton, pork, poultry, game, fish, etc., preserved by this method, can be shipped to Europe, subject to atmospheric changes, and returned to this country in a state of perfect preservation.

BUTTER, after being treated by this process, will not become rancid, and will keep in a natural condition for weeks, without puncturing the skin or mutilating the body in any way. Hence the great value of Ozone in the dairy business.

There is no change in the slightest particular in the appearance of any article thus preserved, and no trace of any foreign or unnatural odor or taste.

The process is so simple that any child can operate it as successfully as a man. There is no expensive apparatus or machinery required.

A few different articles, such as eggs, meat, etc., can be treated at one time, without additional trouble or expense.

In fact, there is nothing that Ozone will not preserve. Think of everything you can that is liable to decay, or of spoil, and then remember that we guarantee that Ozone will preserve it in exactly the condition you want it for any length of time. If you will remember this, it will save asking questions as to whether Ozone will preserve this or that article, and it will preserve anything you can think of.

There is but a single trip in the United States in which a live man can make any amount of money, from \$1,000 to \$10,000 a year, that he pleases. We desire to get a live man interested in every country in the United States, in whose hands we can place this Preservative, and through him secure the business which every country ought to produce.

A Fortune awaits any man who secures control of Ozone in a town or city.

A. C. Bowen, of Marion, Ohio, cleared \$7,000 in two months. \$1 for a test package was his first investment.

Woods Brothers, Lebanon, Warren county, Ohio, made \$8,000 on eggs purchased in July and sold November 1st. \$2 for a test package was their first investment.

F. K. Raymond, Morristown, Belmont county, Ohio, is clearing \$2,000 a month in handling and selling Ozone. \$2 for a test package was his first investment.

D. F. Webber, Charlotte, Eaton county, Michigan, has cleared \$1,000 a month since August. \$2 for a test package was his first investment.

J. B. Gaylord, 30 LaSalle st. street, Chicago, is preserving eggs, fruit, etc., for the commission men of Chicago, charging 15¢ per dozen for eggs, and other articles in proportion. He is preserving 3,000 dozen eggs a day, and his business is making \$5,000 a month. \$2 for a test package was his first investment.

The Cincinnati Feed Company, 428 West 7th street, is making \$5,000 a month in handling brewers' malt, preserving and shipping it as feed to all parts of the country. Malt unpreserved loses in 12-15 days.

Now, to prove the absolute truth of everything we have said in this paper, we propose to place in your hands the means of proving for yourself that we have nothing to hide, and that any person who doubts any of these statements, and who is interested sufficiently to make the trip, will pay all traveling and hotel expenses for a visit to this city, if we fail to prove any statement that we have made.

HOW TO Secure a Fortune with Ozone:

A test package of Ozone, containing a sufficient quantity to preserve 1,000 dozen eggs, or other article in proportion, will be sent to any applicant on receipt of \$2. This package will enable the applicant to preserve any line of tests and experiments in his kitchen, and thus satisfy himself as to the extraordinary merits of Ozone as a Preservative. After having thus satisfied himself, and had time to take the full measure of the value of Ozone, he will be able to do in the future what he will make a fortune for himself, or confine it to his own use, or any other line of policy which is best suited to him and to his township or county.

We will give exclusive townships or county privileges to the first responsible applicant who orders a test package and delivers to the business in his township.

Send a test package until you have received a Test Package, and if you desire to secure an exclusive privilege of Ozone for your township or county, or for any other territory, you can do so by sending your name and address to the nearest Ozone office, and we will send it to you.

You may make a fortune for yourself, or you may make a fortune for your township or county, or you may make a fortune for your country, or you may make a fortune for the world. It is up to you.

Therefore we give no attention to letters which do not order Ozone. If you think of any article that you are doubtful about Ozone preserving, remember we guarantee that it will preserve it, no matter what it is.

REFERENCES.—We desire to call your attention to a class of references which no enterprise or firm can afford to neglect, and which the most business success and highest commercial credit could not afford to neglect. We refer, by permission, as to our integrity and to the value of the Frontine Preservative, to the following gentlemen: Edward C. Boyce, Member Board of Public Works, E. O. Eakin, City Comptroller, Amos Smith, Jr., Collector Internal Revenue, Wm. A. Worthington, Attorney, Martin H. Harrel and R. F. Hopkins, County Commissioners, W. B. Cappeller, County Auditor, all of Cincinnati, Hamilton county, Ohio. These gentlemen are each familiar with the merits of our Preservative, and know from actual observation that we have without exception.

THE MOST VALUABLE ARTICLE IN THE WORLD.

The \$2 you invest in a test package will surely lead you to secure a township or county, and then your way is literally clear to make from \$2,000 to \$10,000 a year. Give your full address in every letter, and send your letter to

FRONTINE PRESERVATIVE CO., Limited, 6 E. Cor. Race and Ninth sts., Cincinnati, O.

means gratify his desire for change, yet with all his thirst for more he possesses a quality common to all great warriors; he is very prudent, and in case of being attacked by a superior force, invariably retires into entrenchments. But when he finds a weaker adversary, he will be the luckiest creature, for the wrath of Charles knows no satisfaction. As an example of the latter, he jumped on his hired boy and beat him almost to death, because the boy dared ask his lordship to pay him some money.

The religious revival seems to be growing in interest. We understand that over 300 have confessed Jesus up to date. As we predicted before its commencement, the words "Praise the Lord" have become household expressions. The pious young men of the place, following the example of Mr. Barrow, Jr., write "words" to the young ladies headed with "Praise the Lord." Now we don't know how they are, but for ourselves we never did feel like making use of that expression until we received an answer that suited us. Should the maiden fair say as we would be much inclined, instead of making use of that devout expression, to blurt out an expletive avowing largely of fire and brimstone.

WANE COUNTY.

Monticello.

Mr. W. R. Wright has a sweet potato on exhibition, raised on the farm of F. D. Frost, Esq., that weighs 9 pounds.

Hen. S. Tuttle is filling prescriptions and distributing mail matter at the P. O. Drug Store.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD LINE.		
TRAINS GOING NORTH.		
January 9, 1881.	Time	Ex. Sta.
Lv. Richmond	9 30 a m	
Lancaster	10 40 "	
Lexington	11 55 "	
Clarksville	1 15 p m	
Stanford	12 45 "	
Shelby City	1 48 "	
Danville Junction	2 55 "	
Millersburg	3 15 "	
Leland	3 55 "	
New River	4 05 "	
Ar. Lebanon Junction	4 45 "	
Cincinnati Junction	6 05 "	

January 9, 1881.		Daily Ex. Sun.
Lv. Louisville	8 25	a m
Lv. Stanford	1 49	p m
" Crab Orchard	2 31	"
Ar. Livingston	3 45	"
Lv. Lancaster	2 55	"
Ar. Richmond	4 55	"

PULLMAN PALACE CARS
To Memphis, Little Rock, Mobile, Montgomery
and New Orleans.

EMIGRANTS, TAKE NOTICE
This route is over

200 Miles Shorter to Texas,
Time much quicker and rates lower than by any
other route. It is also the

QUICKEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST
Route to all points in Missouri, Kansas, Illinois,
Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado, Arizona.

Only one change to Chicago, St. Louis and East.
For information about Tickets to the South, Kan-
sas, Colorado, and Emigrant Rates to Florida, Ala-
bama, Texas, etc., apply to

(W. F. J. ANTHONY, Agent,
Stainford, Ky. Louisville, Ky.)

Direct Route—North & South

STATIONS.	Day		Night	
	Express	Accom'n	Express	Accom'n
Lve. Cincinnati 1	8:10 am	4:40 pm	7:35 pm	10:37
" Walton	9:20	5:00	8:00	10:52
" Crittenden	9:35	5:16	"	"
" Williamstown	9:58	5:39	8:45	"
" Paducah	10:38	6:18	"	"
" Georgetown	11:05	6:45	9:41	"
" Lexington 2	12:22	7:15	10:37	"
" Nashville	11:55	7:40	10:31	"
" Rich Bridge 3	12:10	8:25	"	"

51	Someraset	2 35		12 40
52	Point Burnside	3 09		1 05
53	Tateville	3 14		
54	Greenwood	3 36		
55	Pine Knot	4 19		2 15
56	Chilwood	4 35		
57	Sedgemore	5 28		
58	Glen Mary	5 32		
59	Rockwood	7 21	6 25	4 52
60	Spring City	7 55	7 53	5 29
61	Dayton	8 31	9 10	6 45
62	Boyce	9 48	11 55	7 18

STATIONS.		Day Express.	Accom's Express.	Night Express.
Live Chattanooga 6.	5 00 am	2 20 pm	7 30	
" Boyce	5 13 "	3 09 "	7 50	
" Dayton	6 33 "	5 28 "	9 00	
" Spring City	7 09 "	6 45 "	9 32	
" Rockwood	7 56 "	8 10 "	10 00	
" Glen Mary	9 31 "		11 27	
" Sealsboro	9 38 "			

Point Burnside.	12 02	pm	1 34
Somerset	12 24	"	1 55
Junction City 5.	1 50	"	3 30 am
Danville.	2 02	"	3 21
Harrodsburg June	2 17	"	3 54
High Ridge 3.	2 39	"	4 04

... Nicholasville	2 54	6 31	4 05
... Lexington 2	3 21	7 08	4 56
... Georgetown	3 47	7 35	4 48
... Nashville	4 14	8 05	
... Williamstown	4 52	8 50	5 46
... Crittenden	5 16	9 18	
... Walton	5 32	9 37	6 17
Arr. Cincinnati 1	6 20	10 25	7 00

Where time is not given trains do not stop at station.

(1) Connects with all railroads centering at Cincinnati for North, East & West. (2) Connects with I. & C. I., and K. C. R. R.'s. (3) Kentucky River Bridge. (4) Connects with S. W. R. R. of Ky. for Harrodsburg.

Night Express runs daily; other trains daily except Sunday.

SAML. WOODWARD, Superintendent.	E. P. WILSON, Gen'l Pass't Ag't
REAR CAMPBELL, Gen'l Northern Ag't	

AUGUST 8, 1881.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO R. R.

Passenger trains run as follows:—

	No. 1	No. 3 E
WESTWARD.	MAIL	FRESH

44	Charlottesville	11:55 a m	2:25 a m
45	Lynchburg Junction	11:55 a m	2:25 a m
46	Waynesboro	1:46 p m	4:10 a m
47	Staunton	2:30 p m	4:40 a m
48	Williamson's	5:00 p m	7:35 a m
49	White Sulphur	6:50 p m	9:30 a m
50	Hinton	10:15 p m	11:30 a m

"	Huntington	5 00 a m	6 00 p m
	Lexington Division		
Lve.	Huntington	5 10 a m	6 05 p m
Due	Ashland	5 45 a m	6 50 p m
	Chillicothe	10 00 a m	
	Cincinnati	6 10 p m	
	Columbus	12 45 p m	
	C. B. S. & P. P. S's.		
Lve.	Huntington	6 00 a m	
Due	Fortsmouth		
	Marble		
"	Cincinnati		

NO 1 MAIL.—Runs daily except Sunday from Richmond to Huntington; daily, Williamsburg to

No 3 EXPRESS—Runs daily from Richmond to
Huntington; connects at Lynchburg Junction for
Lynchburg and Washington; at Huntington with
steamers for Cincinnati and the West.

Sunday at 3:30 p. m., and arrives at Christiesville at 7:45 p. m.

No. 2 PASSENGER—Leaves Cannelton at 3:30 p. m., and daily except Sunday and arrives Huntingtown at 7:45 p. m.

No. 4 WHITE SULPHUR EXPRESS. Leaves Cannelton at 3:30 p. m., and daily except Sunday at 3:30 p. m.; Waynesboro 4:00 p. m., and arrives at White Sulphur at 6 p. m.

Lexington Division Trains run daily.

C. B. S. & P. P. Stewmer leaves Huntingtown daily.

	No. 2	No. 4	EX
EASTWARD.			
	MAIL	EX	EX

Lve.	Cincinnati	4 00 p m
Due	Maysville	10 30 p m
"	Portsmouth	4 00 a m
"	Huntington	11 30 a m
	M., C. & S. V. Route.		
Lve.	Cincinnati	3 40 p m
"	Columbus	5 00 p m

51	Chillicothe	8 00 p m	1 05 a m
52	Ashtand	12 32 a m	10 00 a m
53	Huntington	1 05 a m	10 15 a m
	C. & O. R. R.		
L.v.	Huntington	1 10 a m	11 00 a m
Due	Hinton	7 05 a m	5 50 p m
54	White Sulphur	9 20 a m	8 20 p m
55	Williamson	11 10 a m	10 00 p m
56	Maunton	1 45 p m	12 35 a m
Due	Waynesboro	2 22 p m	2 25 a m
	Lybarger Junction	4 35 a m	2 35 a m
57	Charlottesville	4 50 p m	3 10 a m
58	Glendonville	4 50 p m	4 00 a m
59	Richmond	9 10 p m	7 00 a m

Huntington to Richmond, daily, through to Washington, D. C., and to Baltimore, Md., via the Chesapeake and Potomac Rivers; M. & C. and Sciota Valley R. R., from Cincinnati and the West connect at Ashland with Mail Train No. 2; connects at Waynesboro for the North; at Lynchburg Junction for Washington and New York.

No. 6 Accom—Leaves Charlottesville daily except Sunday at 4:45 a. m., and arrives Richmond 9 a. m.

No. 8—Leaves Huntington at 3:00 p. m. daily except Sunday and arrives Junction at 7:00 p. m.

NO. 10 WHITE SULPHUR EXPRESS—Leaves White Sulphur at 1 a. m.; arrives at Waynesboro 10:45 a. m.; and at Lynchburg Junction 11:45 a. m. for the North.

For rates, tickets, baggage checks, apply to any office of C. & O. R. R.; or Depot or Ticket Office of any connecting line.

H. W. ULLER, G. P. & T. A.
